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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/621,542	07/17/2003	Werner Lautenschlager	27392/27614	2472
	7590 09/11/200 GERSTEIN & BORUN	EXAMINER		
233 S. WACKER DRIVE, SUITE 6300			MAYEKAR, KISHOR	
SEARS TOWER CHICAGO, IL 60606			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1753	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/11/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/621,542	LAUTENSCHLAGER, WERNER		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Kishor Mayekar	1753		
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address		
Period fo	· ·		40NT (40) OD THETTY (60) DAVO		
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DIVISIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO a, cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status	•				
1)🔯	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 Ju	<u>uly 2007</u> .			
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposit	ion of Claims				
4) 🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-9,11,13-15,18-34,36,37 and 39-45</u>	is/are pending in the appl	ication.		
,—	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra				
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-9, 11, 13-15, 18-34, 36, 37 and 39-</u>	45 is/are rejected.			
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/c	r election requirement.			
Applicat	ion Papers				
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) _ acc	epted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.		
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
• • • •	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
,	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.			
	2. Certified copies of the priority document		Application No		
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been	n received in this National Stage		
	application from the International Burea				
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies no	t received.		
Attachmer	nt(s)				
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)		
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application		
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Other:			

DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-9, 11, 13-15, 18-34, 36, 37 and 39-45 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 40-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 40 is indefinite for depending upon a cancelled claim 38.

Claims 41 and 42 are indefinite for depending upon the indefinite claim 40.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

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Claims 1-7, 11, 13-15, 18, 19, 21-31, 36, 37 and 39-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 5. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Warmbier et al. (US 5,408,074) in combination with Miyazaki et al. (US 4,565,670), Hansen et al. (US 4,759,300), Schiffmann et al. (US 5,645,748) and/or GB 2,110,803A. Warmbier's invention, a reference cited in the last Office, is directed to an apparatus for the selective control of heating and irradiation of materials in a conveying path. Warmbier discloses that the apparatus comprises a conveying path defined by a pipe 1 (a container), a screw conveyor 2 rotatably mounted in the pipe 1 by which the material is supplied to the pipe 1 and a treatment chamber formed therebetween, microwave generators 3, and a resonator 5 (microwave chamber) surrounding a length of the pipe 1 (Figs. 1 and 2; col. 3, lines 6-18 and col. 4, lines 27-34 and lines 41-46). Since the treatment chamber is formed between the pipe 1 and the screw conveyor 2, the treatment chamber has the helical shape fitted to the present invention's disclosure on page 15. Warmbier discloses in Fig. 1 the pipe 1 being extended at least partly in the microwave chamber and protruded therefrom; and in Fig. 2 and col. 4. 27-34 that the materials are supplied through a funnel opening 13 (a lateral connecting opening) of an extruder 11 and transported in the transporting direction 8 by its screw conveyor 2 through the microwave chamber. Warmbier further discloses in col. 5, lines 7-13 that when, the materials are in liquid or suspended form, the materials can be treated by the arrangement with appropriate conveying means such as rotating pipes. As such Warmbier discloses an apparatus comprising all the structures as claimed except for the Application/Control Number: 10/621,542

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recited pump, the recited treatment chamber connected to a pressure-limiting valve, and the recited arrangement of the apparatus such that it can be inclined and locked in an inclined position. Miyazaki, another reference cited in the last Office action, teaches in a heat treating apparatus using microwave the provision of an inner rotating container, a device for feeding a material to be treated into an annular passage 4 through an inlet 1 to an outlet 2, the passage 14 being inclined and locked, and the provision of a discharge port 8 (Figs. 1 and 2; col. 3, lines 11-39). Hansen teaches in an apparatus for heating materials by microwave the use of a pump to move the material in liquid (col. 3, lines 51-54). Schiffmann teaches in an apparatus for heating materials by microwave the provision a pressure-limiting valve to release pressure during the heating. GB '803 shows in a heattreating apparatus using microwave the heating section 3 includes a manifold 39 located on the top of the heating section to hold vapors and the withdrawn of vapors from the manifold 39 via outlet 41 (col. 2, lines 11-17). It appears that the outlet 41 is equivalent to the recited pressure-limiting device. The subject matter as a whole would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Warmbier's teachings as shown by Miyazaki, Hansen and Schiffmann because the use of pump would result in moving the material, when the material is in liquid, into the pipe from the inlet to the outlet, the provision of an inclined pipe would result in facilitating the moving of the material therethrough, and, since the heating would release some vapor in the pipe when the material to be treated is in liquid, the provision of a pressure-limiting

valve would ensure the safety of the operation, result in exhausting excessive pressure and render the heating section safe from excessive internal pressure.

As to the subject matter of claim 2, Warmbier's device inherently possesses the recited mixing device because of the use of the spiral device starting in the container for transporting materials therefrom.

As to the subject matter of claim 3, Warmbier's screw conveyor is the same as the worm conveyor. Further, if there is a difference between Warmbier's screw conveyor and the recited worm conveyor, the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Warmbier's teachings because the selection of any of known equivalent conveyors for transporting the material would have been within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

As to the subject matter of claims 18, 19, 29 and 30, the selection of the longitudinal would have been within the level of ordinary skill in the art as it has been settled that proper adjustment of a known effective variable of a known or obvious process is within the capabilities of one having ordinary skill in the art, *In re Aller* 105 USPQ 233; *In re Boesch* 205 USPQ 215.

6. Claims 8, 9, 20 and 32-34 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Warmbier "074 as modified by Miyazaki '670), Hansen '300 and Schiffmann '748 in view of MacKenzie (US 4,608,261). The difference between Warmbier

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as applied above and the instant claims is the detailing of the recited connection of the container. MacKenzie, another reference cited in the last Office action, teaches the detailing in a heat-treating apparatus using microwave (Fig. 1). The subject matter as a whole would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the references' teachings as shown by MacKenzie because this would result in attaching the container to the apparatus housing.

As to the subject matter of claims 12, 13, 22-24 and 38-42, GB '803 shows the limitation (section 3 in Fig. 1) and that a feed hopper may be replaced by an extruder device (col. 2, lines 42-44). The subject matter as a whole would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the references' teachings as shown by GB '808 because this would result in heating the material prior to subjecting to microwave. Further, the motivation to make a specific structure is always related to the properties or uses one skilled in the art would expect the structure to have, In re Newell 13 USPQ 2d 1248, Fromson v. Advance Offset Plate 225 USPQ 26; In re Gyurik 201 USPQ 552

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 2 July 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kishor Mayekar whose telephone number is (571) 272-1339. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nam Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-1342. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Kishor Mayekar Primary Examiner Art Unit 1753